

Highlights

RESEARCH AREA 2 - Functional and Complex Materials for Innovative Electronics and Sensing - 2022

“ γ -BaFe₂O₄: a fresh playground for room temperature multiferroicity”

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Multiferroics, showing the coexistence of two or more ferroic orderings at room temperature, could harness a revolution in multifunctional devices. However, most of the multiferroic compounds known to date are not magnetically and electrically ordered at ambient conditions, so the discovery of new materials is pivotal to allow the development of the field. In this work, we show that BaFe₂O₄ is a previously unrecognized room temperature multiferroic. X-ray and neutron diffraction allowed to reveal the polar crystal structure of the compound as well as its antiferromagnetic behavior, confirmed by bulk magnetometry characterizations. Piezo force microscopy and electrical measurements show the polarization to be switchable by the application of an external field, while symmetry analysis and calculations based on density functional theory reveal the improper nature of the ferroelectric component. Considering the present findings, we propose BaFe₂O₄ as a Bi- and Pb-free model for the search of new advanced multiferroic materials.

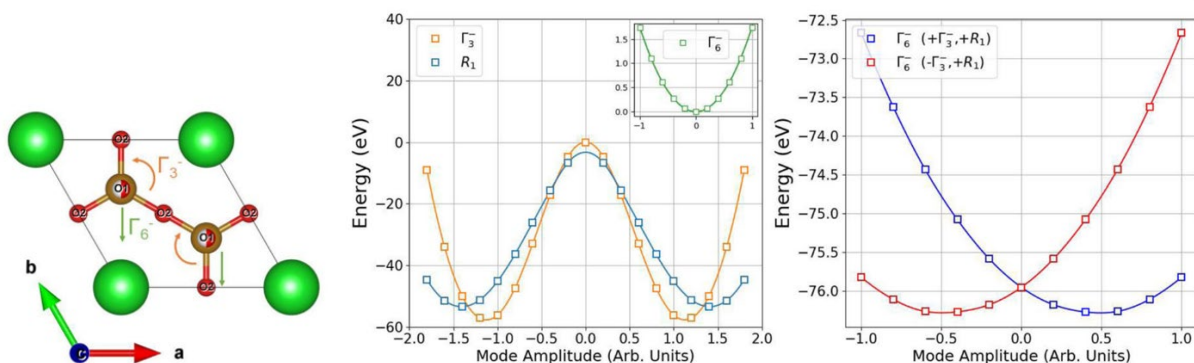


Fig.1 - Left panel: The orange and green arrows denote the displacements due to the Γ_3^- - and Γ_6^- - modes. Central panel: DFT total energies as a function of mode amplitudes, considering only the Γ_3^- - (orange line) and R_1 (blue line) modes. The inset shows the total energy behavior, when activating only the Γ_6^- - mode. Right panel: DFT total energies obtained by changing the Γ_6^- - amplitude, in the presence of the R_1 mode amplitude frozen to its positive minimum and the Γ_6^- - mode frozen to the positive minimum (blue points) and to the negative minimum (red points).