Highlights

Activity B - Superconducting and correlated low dimensional materials and devices for quantum electronics and spintronics - 2021

Size-Controlled Spalling of LaAlO₃/SrTiO₃ Micromembranes

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Some of the authors recently demonstrated a route for forming conducting heterostructure membranes of LaAlO₃ (LAO) and SrTiO₃ (STO), the canonical system for oxide electronics. There, the producing freestanding membranes had random sizes and locations. Here we extend this work by introducing a new concept for pregrowth substrate preparation allowing for control of where the LAO/STO membranes form on the substrate as well as their individual lateral dimensions. The method relies on patterning the stress discontinuities in the LAO/STO epitaxial hetero-structure by locally altering the growth substrate using argon milling prior to the growth. The process is schematically illustrated in Fig.1 and relies on a combination of lithography and Ar⁺-ion milling to define trenches in the STO substrate prior to LAO deposition. The dimensions of the squares Lx,y = 0.5-20 um were varied between each field. Our results show that: 1) the size control is constricted by an upper and lower limit with respect to the yield and reproducibility of membranes; 2) the capability of direction fracture formation along directions di different from [100]/[010] otherwise strongly preferred without the pregrowth patterning; 3) the membranes can be manipulated in a controllable manner with a micromanipulator needle and transferred onto a silicon substrate (Fig.2). This method opens up the possibility to study and use the two-dimensional electron gas in LAO/STO membranes for advanced device concepts.

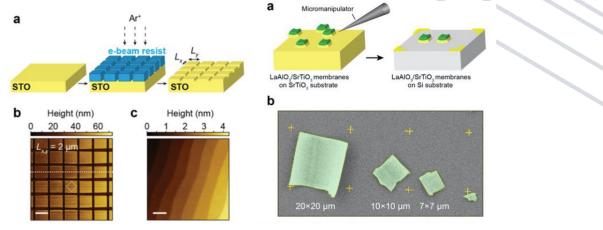


Fig. 1: (a) Schematic illustration of the surface patterning by Ar⁺ion milling. (b) AFM topography map of the STO surface following Ar⁺-ion milling for a field with L = 2 um squares (scale bar is 2 um). The dashed square x,y and line correspond to the zoomed image in c. (c) High-resolution AFM image of the area in b showing STO-TiO₂-terraces (scale bar is 200 nm).

Fig. 2: (a) Schematic illustration of the controllable manipulation and transfer of LAO/STO membranes with a micromanipulator needle onto a silicon substrate. (b) SEM image of transferred membranes arranged into a row on the prepatterned silicon substrate.



