

Synthesis and physical properties of $Ca_{1-x}RE_xFeAs_2$ with RE = La ~ Gd

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In this study we report the synthesis and characterization of five new related to the $Ca_{1-x}RE_xFeAs_2$ 112 iron-based superconductors with RE = Ce, Pr, Nd, Sm, Eu and Gd. Samples were prepared using the high pressure synthesis technique, cubic-anvil type cell, applying 2 GPa and 1000° C.

From XRD analysis the 112 phase was successfully observed in all samples, with some impurities of FeAs and FeAs₂. From magnetic susceptibility measurements the Nd, Sm, Eu and Gd doped samples exhibited diamagnetism suggesting superconductivity, while the Ce doped sample showed a paramagnetic like behaviour without any traces of superconductive transition down to 2

K. The critical temperatures evaluated form the magnetic susceptibility (Tc-mag) for the La-, Pr-, Nd-, Sm-, Eu-, and Gd-doped samples are 24.5, 13.2, 11.9, 11.6, 9.3, and 12.6K, respectively. Tcmag progressively decreases with decreasing the ionic radii of the substituted RE (Fig.1); Those results are in agreement with the resistivity measurements too; suggesting a general decreasing of Tc with smaller RE substituted atoms. Distance between Fe planes, d_{Fe-Fe}, evaluated from the XRD patterns of single crystals decreases in agreement with the ionic radii of the substituted RE, only the Eu doped sample show an unexpected value, suggesting the presence of the Eu²⁺ ions.



Fig. 1: d_{Fe-Fe} , T_{c-mag} , and $T_{c-res(50\%)}$ as functions of ionic radii of the *RE*³⁺ ions in a coordination number (C.N.) of 8, for the (Ca,*RE*)FeAs₂ samples. Straight and dashed lines are only guides for the eyes.



